

8. Un billete de ida - The Learning Section

More Grammar

USING PARA & A

Para usually means 'for'.

Un regalo **para** ti

A present for you

It's also used to state your destination.

Un billete **para** Murcia

A ticket for Murcia

To say where you're going, you usually use **a**.

Voy **a** Madrid

I'm going to Madrid

Voy **a** casa de mi amigo

... my friend's house

A also means 'at' when you're talking about time.

Llega **a** las 7:30

He/she/it arrives at 7:30

A can also mean 'on', with directions for example.

a la derecha, izquierda

on the right, left

When **a** comes before **el**, the two words merge to become **al**.

al teléfono

on the phone