

The BBC logo, consisting of the letters 'B', 'B', and 'C' each inside a black square, is positioned at the top left of the white rounded rectangle.

**BBC**

# **VR | BARRIERS RESEARCH**

**Cognitive Barriers Deep Dive**







**Speech is Hard**





I'm having a weird week





I am not fine





I am not fine







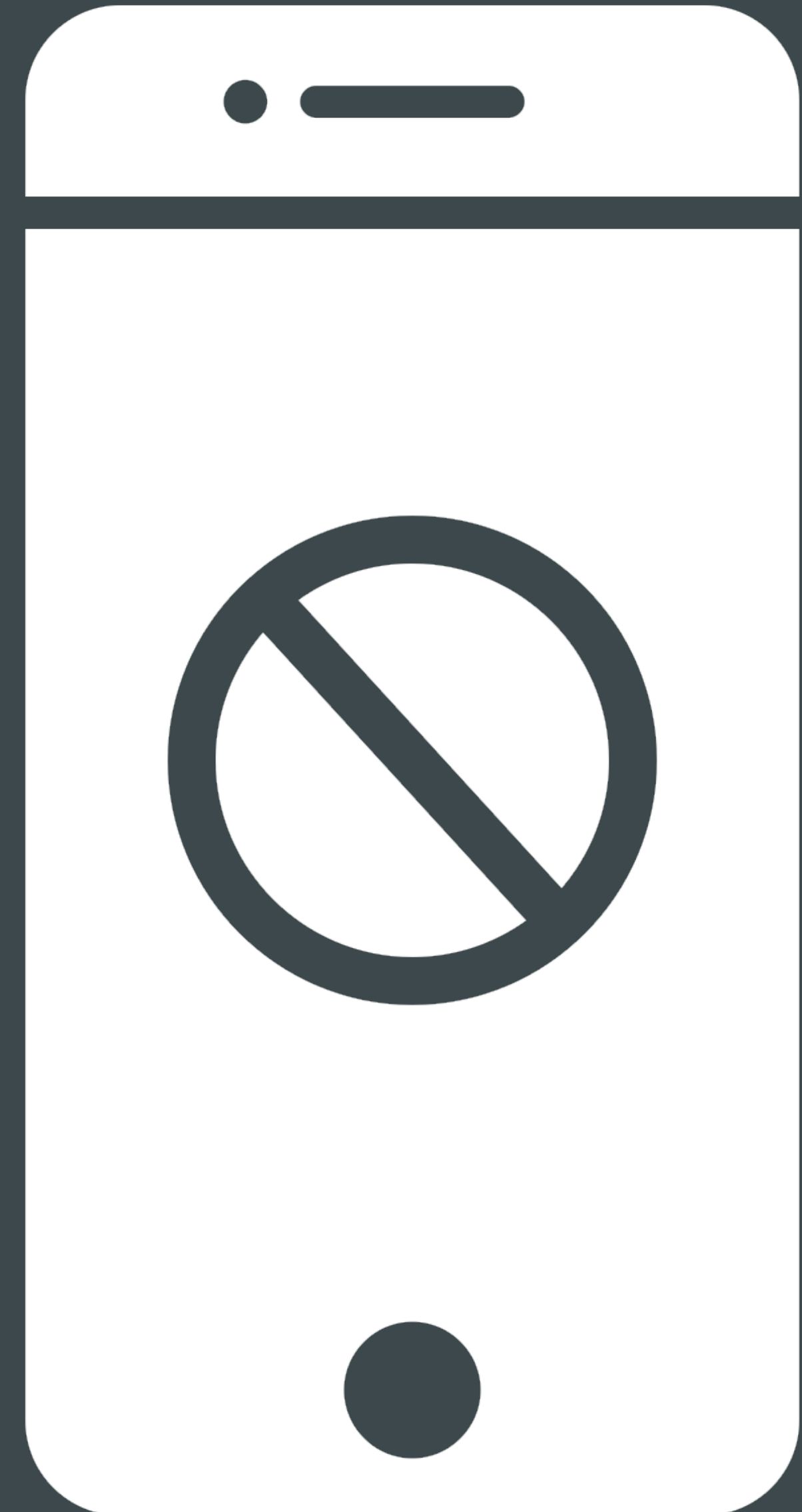


Jamie + Lion

**BBC Senior Research Engineer**

 @jamieknight

“Our goals is to make sure  
our websites, apps and  
services **don't disable**  
**people.**”





“Our goals is to make sure  
our websites, apps and  
services **don't disable  
people.**”





**Disability** has many lenses



Impairment  
+ Environment

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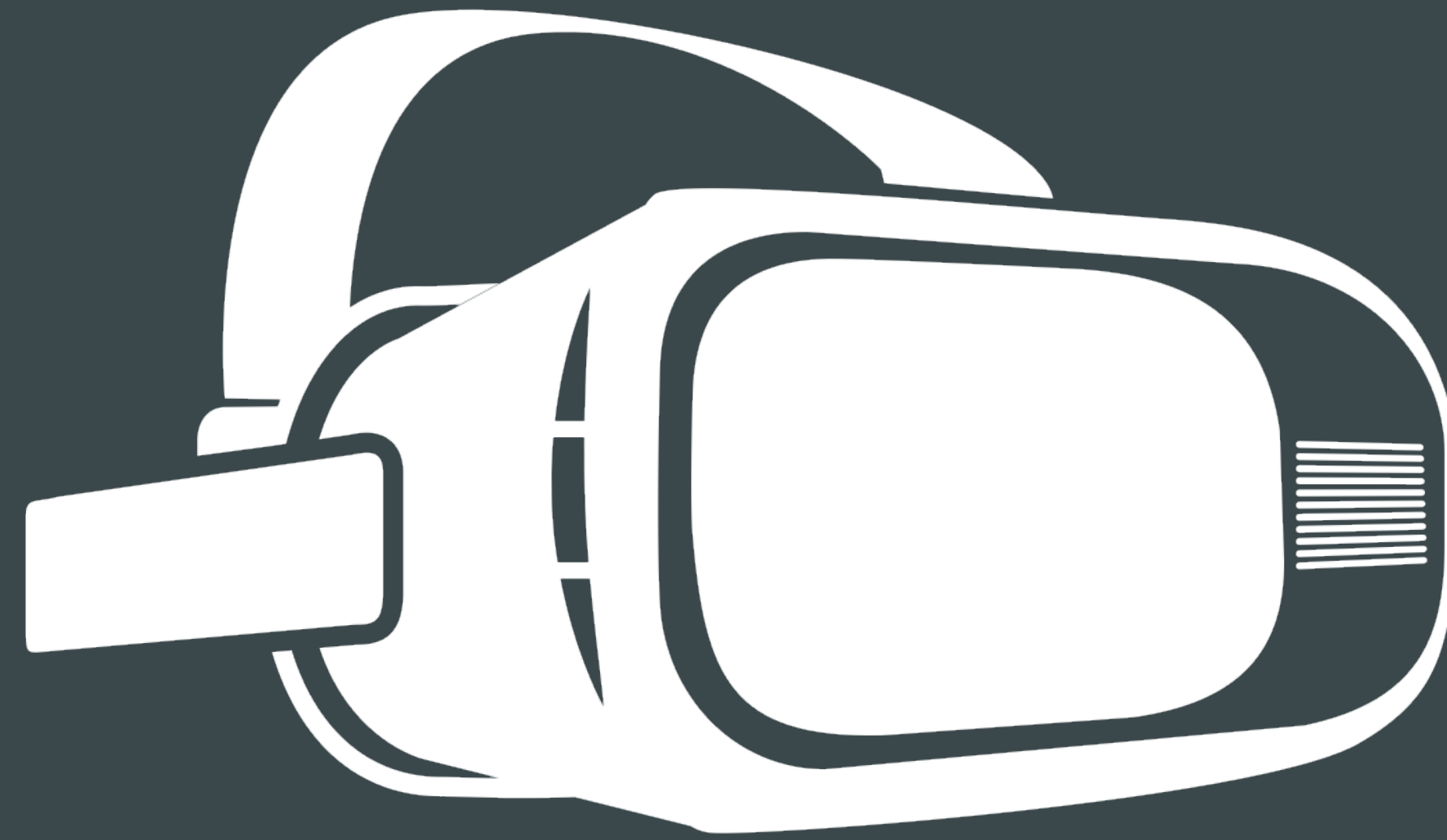
Disability

---

We **disable** people when  
we create barriers in  
environments







**VR** is the creation of new **environments**  
& the creation of new **barriers**

**BBC**

**VR | BARRIERS  
RESEARCH**

**Started in late 2017**



# Project Goals

1

To build a **dataset** of observed **barriers** faced by a wide range of users within VR environments

2

To consider if the current **inclusive design principles** encompass all observed barriers

3

To develop a **methodology** and **environment** for user testing VR with a diverse user group.

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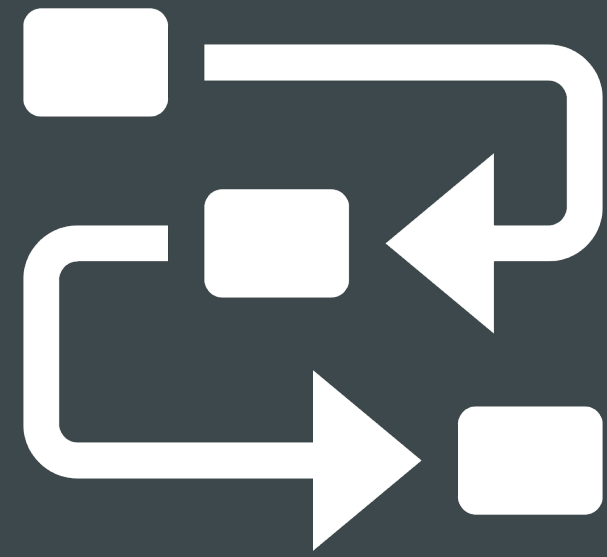
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To develop a **methodology** and **environment** for user testing VR with a diverse user group.





# Cognitive Barriers Deep Dive



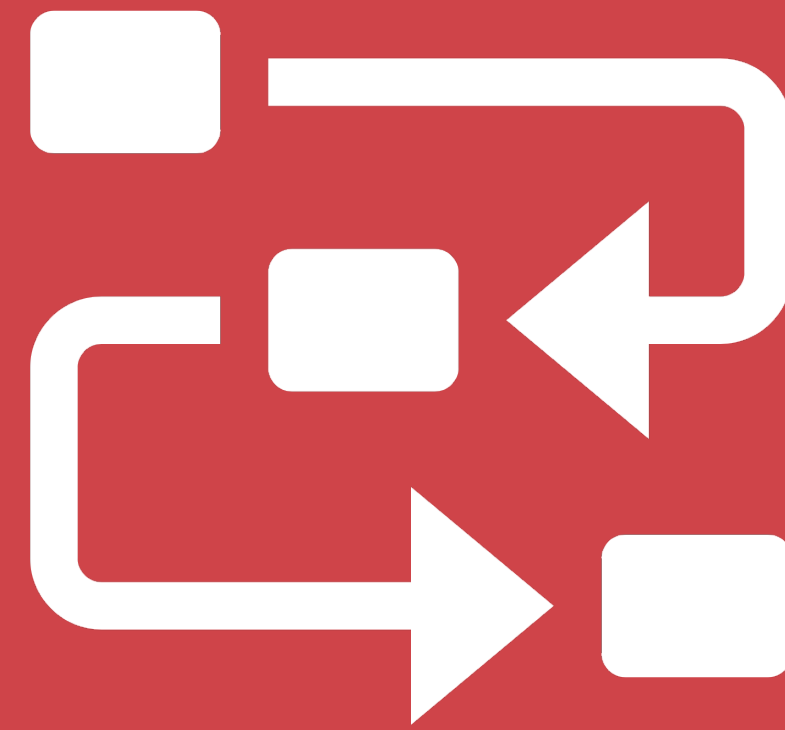
**Collecting the  
Data**



**Common  
Cognitive Barriers**



**Adaptions  
We Made**



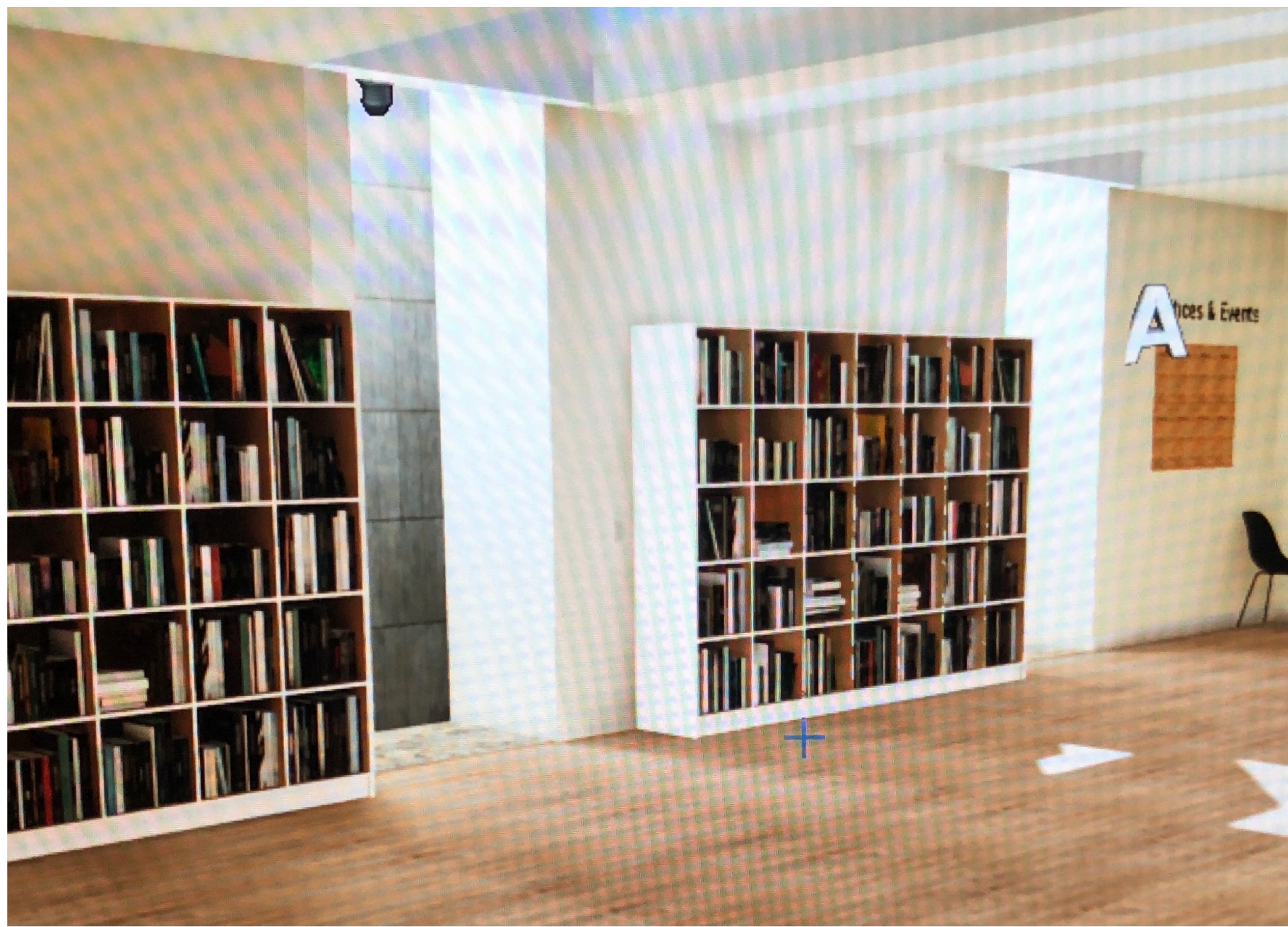
# Collecting the Data

Methodology + Data pipeline



# Methodology

1. **Invite participants** to explore our **test enviroment**.
2. Ask them to complete tasks relating to **navigation, interaction & information gathering**
3. **Observe** what happens and note down any **barriers** which occur

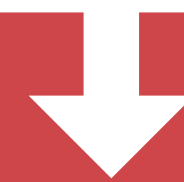




# Data pipeline



**Observations** - The barriers we observed the participate experience



**Barriers List** - All the observations deduplicated, annotated & sorted



**Barrier Groups** - Barriers grouped by impairment & described

# Data pipeline



**~1700 Observations over ~100 sessions**



**Barriers List**

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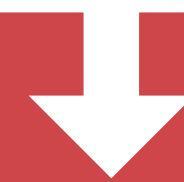


**Barrier Groups** - Barriers grouped by impairment & described

# Data pipeline



**~1700 Observations over ~100 sessions**



**~70 Barriers**



**~20-30 Barriers across ~5 groups**

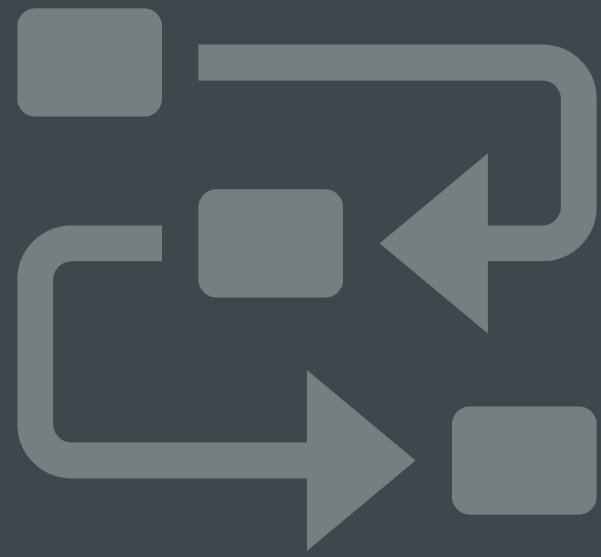


## Barrier groups so far

- Motor Barriers
- **Cognitive barriers**
- Low vision barrier
- Research barriers
- ...



# Cognitive Barriers Deep Dive



Collecting the  
Data



Common  
Cognitive Barriers



Adaptions  
We Made



# Common Cognitive Barriers

How environments disable users



1



**Comprehension**

2

3

4

5

6



1



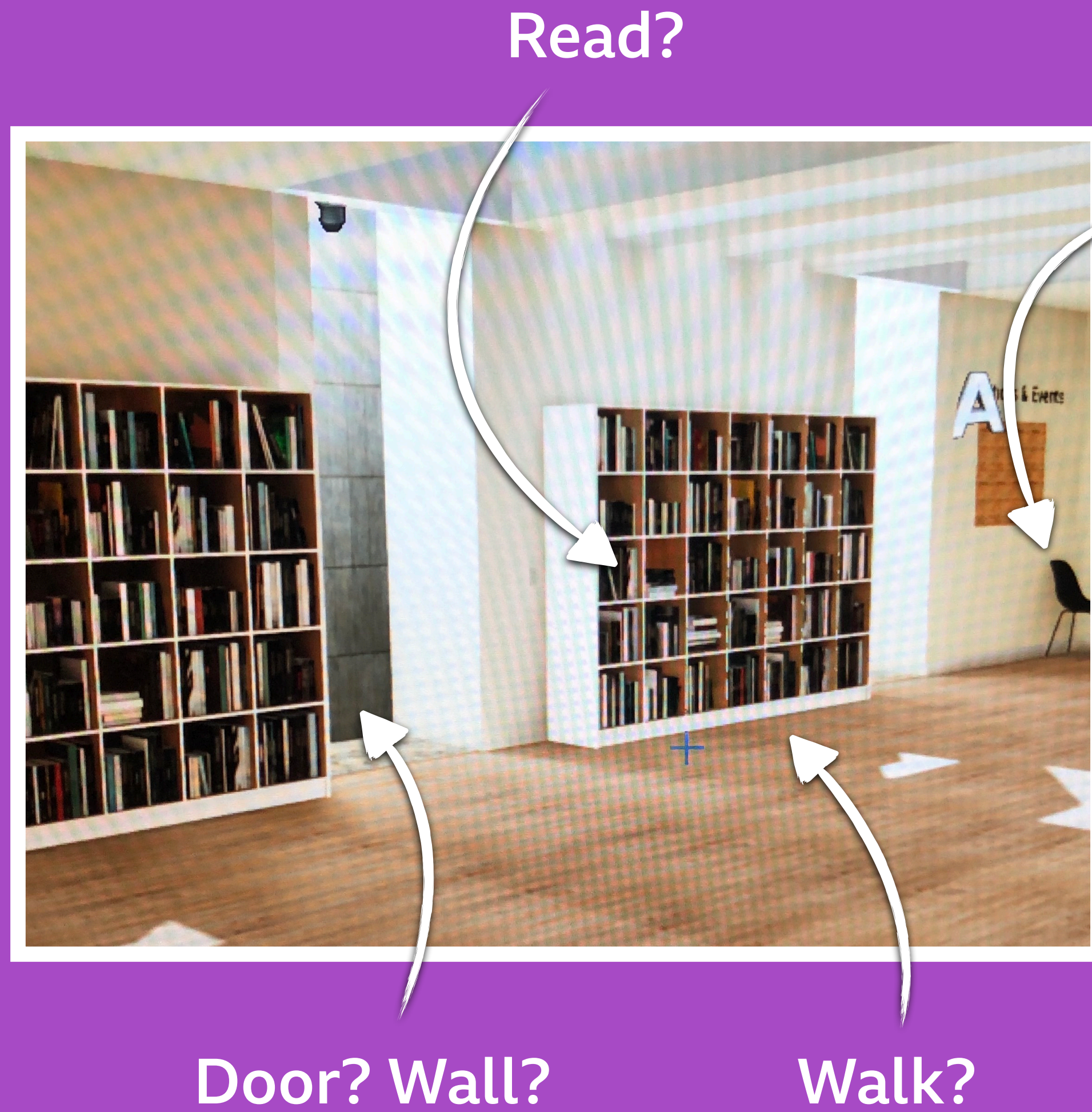
## Comprehension

This barrier occurs when an experience requires the user to **understand unexplained aspects** of the environment in order too:

- Determine what is **possible**.
- Determine what is **interactive**.
- Determine the **next action**



# Example

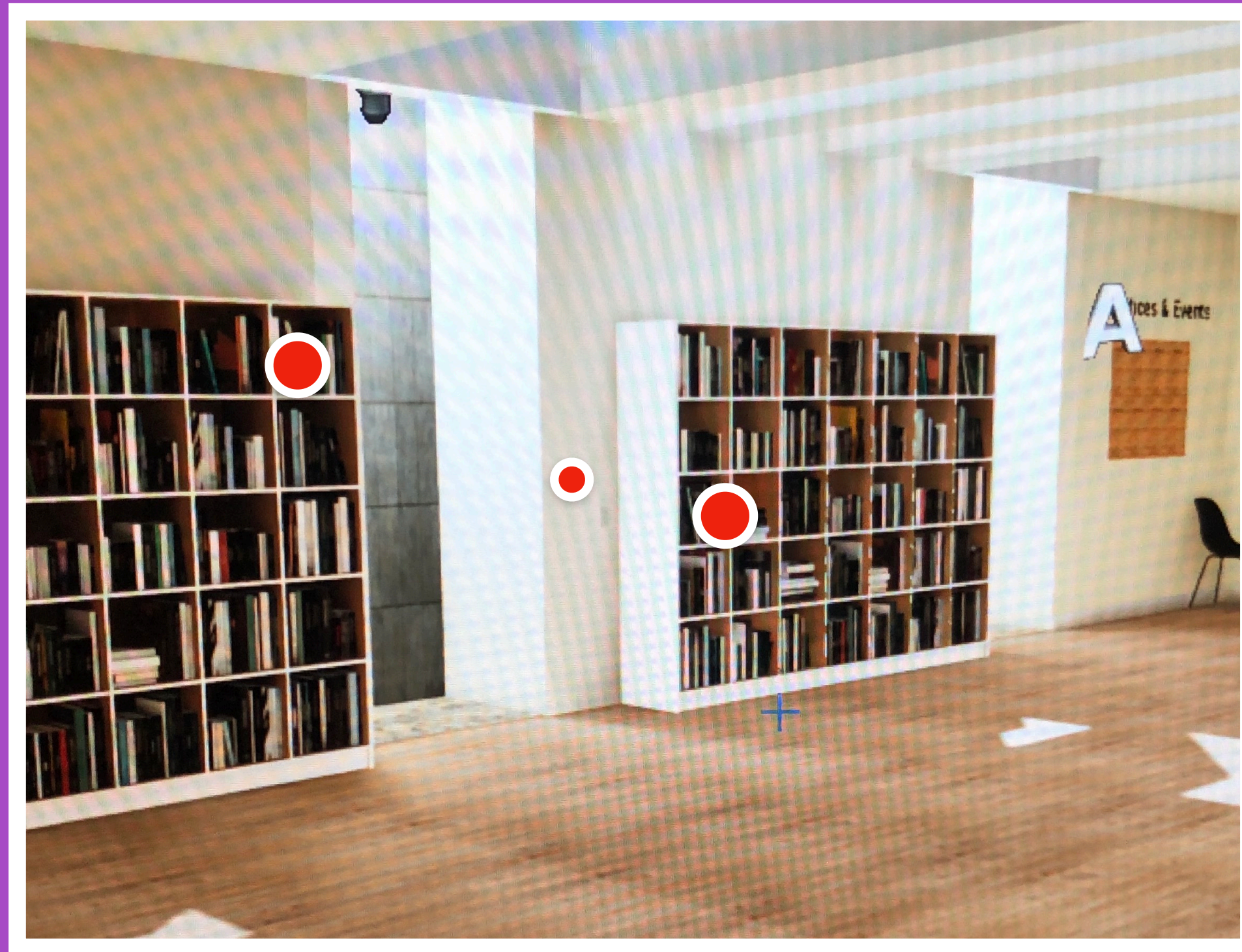


Sit?

1. Determine what is possible.
2. Determine what is interactive.
3. Determine the next action



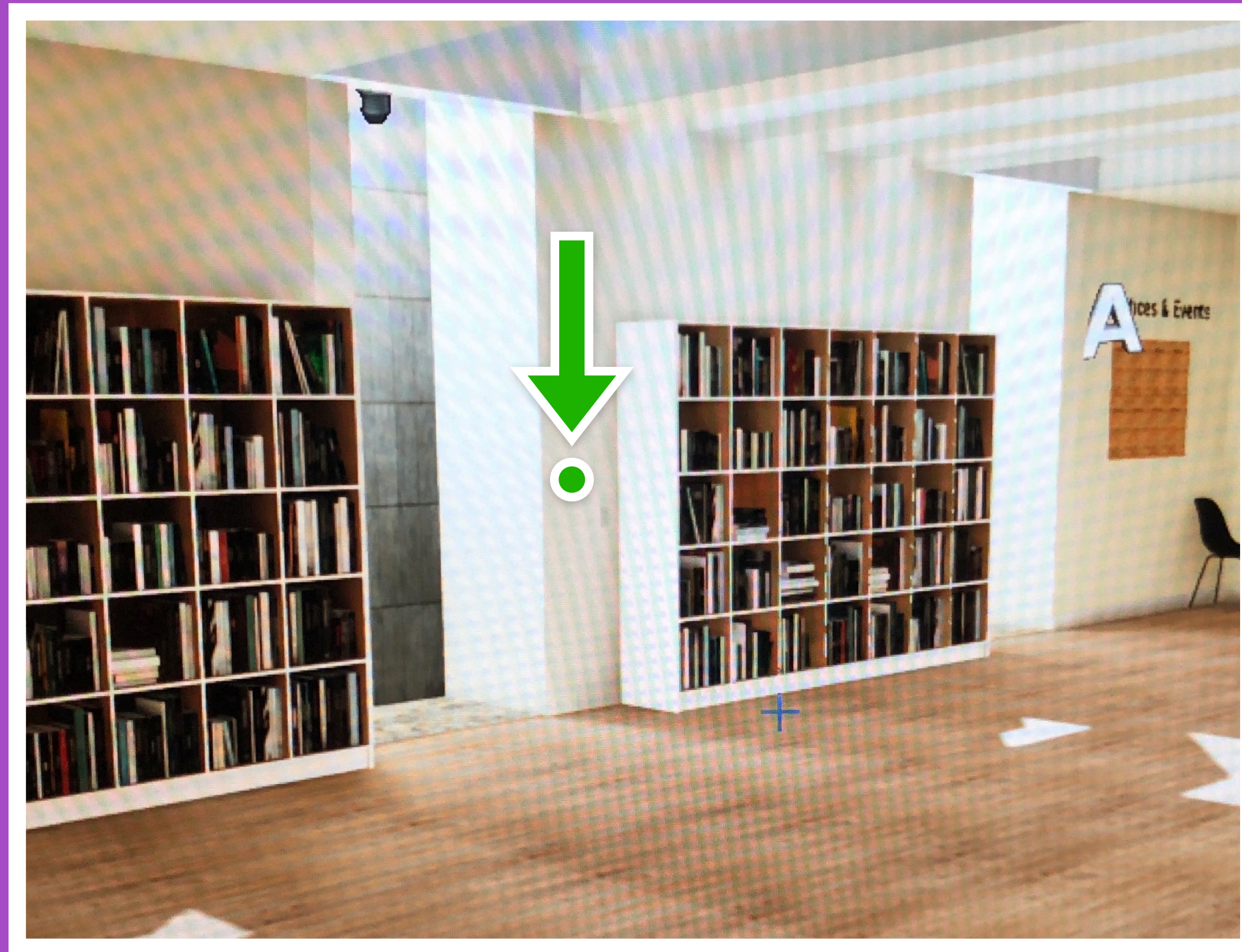
# Example



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- 2. Determine what is interactive.**
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# Example



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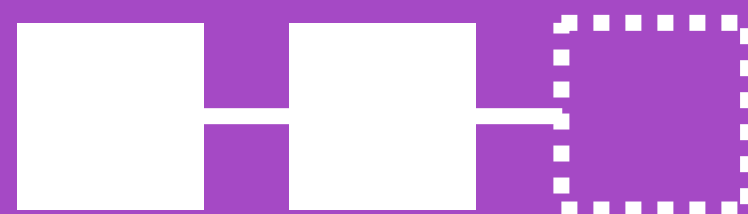


1



Comprehension

2



Expectations

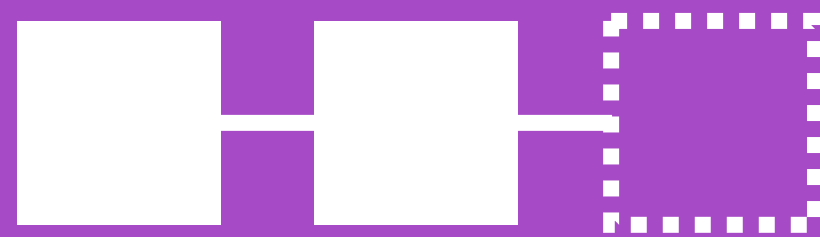
3

4

5

6

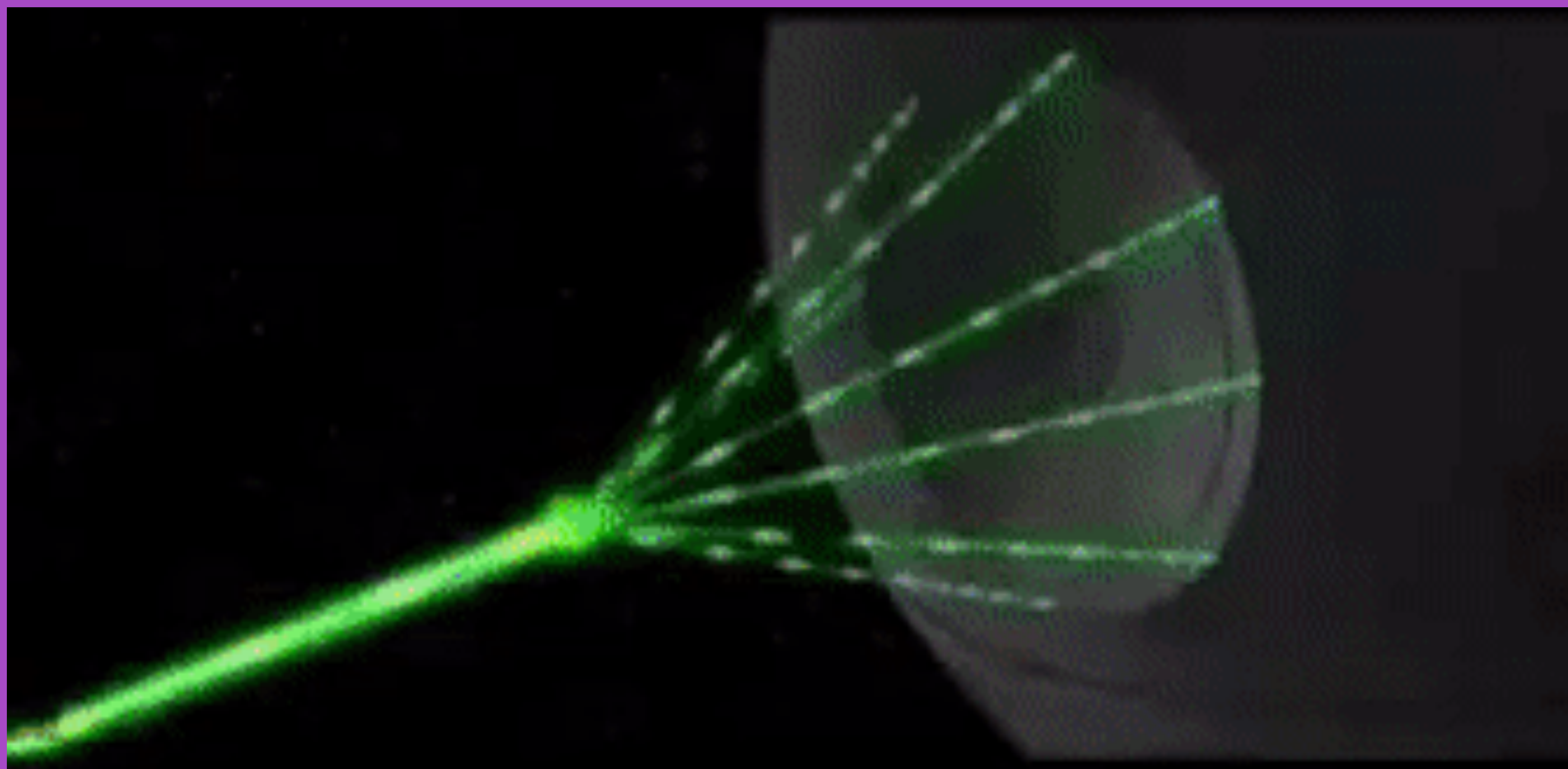
2



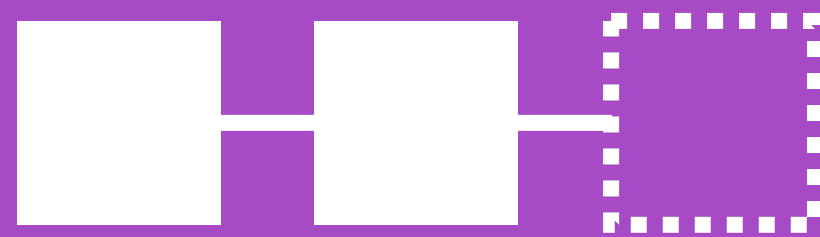
Expectations

This barrier occurs when an experience **breaks a users expectation** such as:

- Expected audio, visual, force & haptic feedback  
*e.g sounds, shadows, physical response*
- Expected bodily representation like **hands / legs etc.**
- **Unexpected** placing the user into a simulated **unsafe situation.**



2



Expectations

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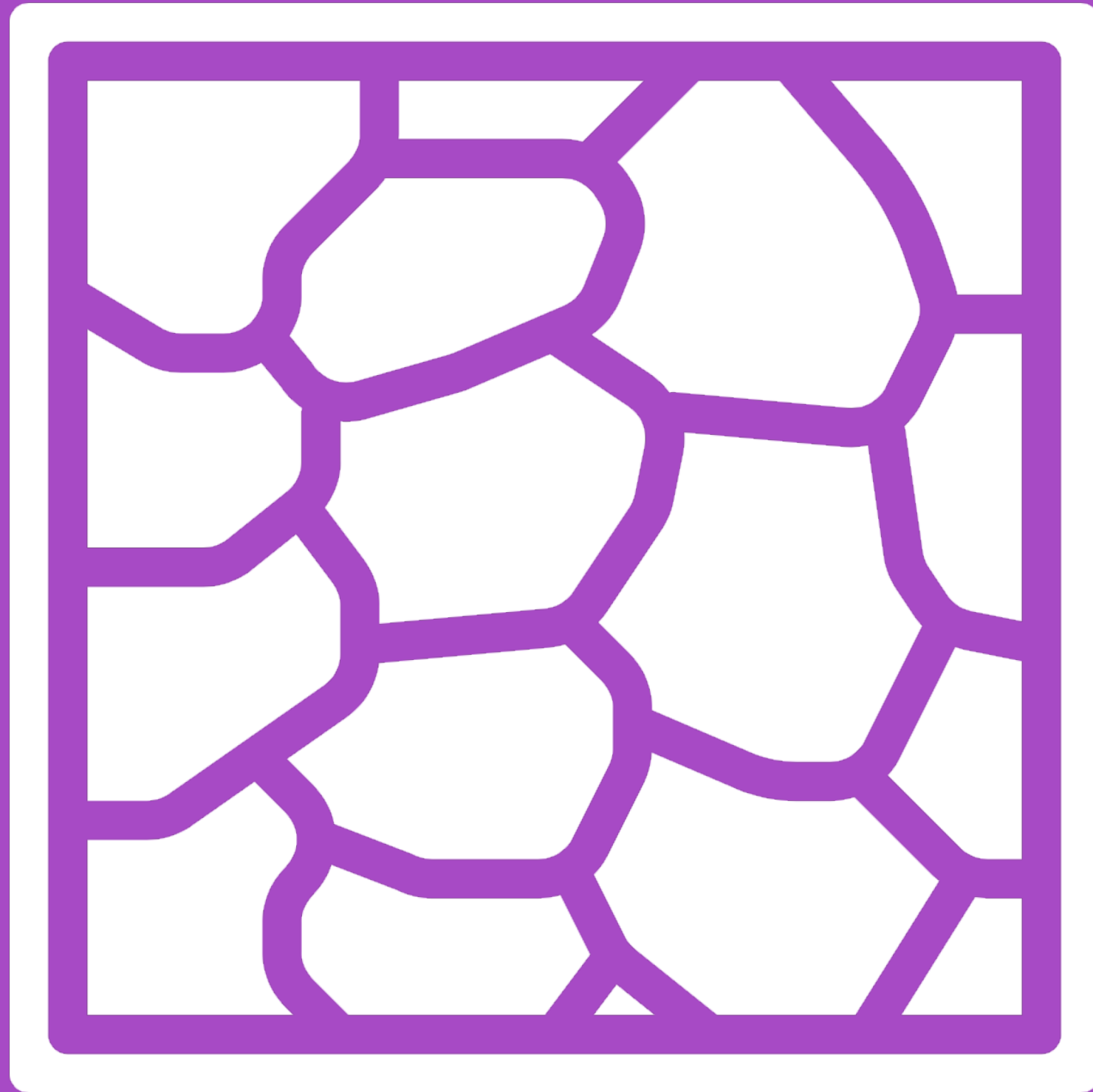
# Example



## Unexpected & Unsafe

Surprising the user without adequate warning that the situation they are about to enter into would not be safe in the real world.

# Example



## Unexpected & Unsafe

Unsafe is very user specific. For example certain paving may be unsafe, to some users

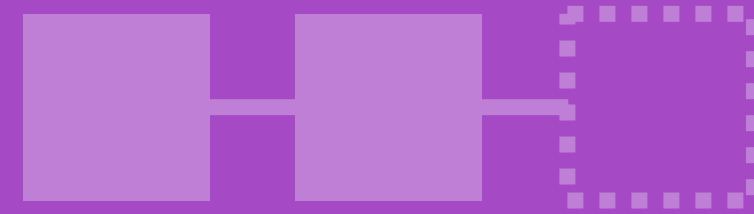
Expectations vary widely in the real world and flexibility is key.

1



Comprehension

2



Expectations

3



Way Finding

4

5

6

3



## Way finding

This barrier occurs when an experience requires the user to **route across an environment** to reach a **specific point**

- **Navigating** from one place to another
- **Positioning** in a specific location

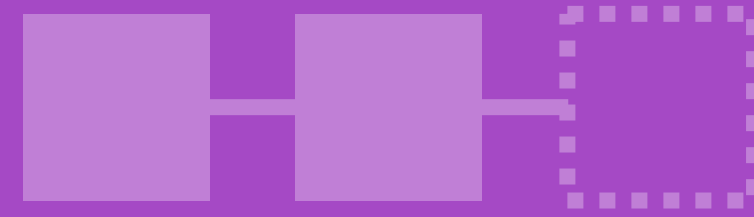


1



**Comprehension**

2



**Expectations**

3



**Way Finding**

4



**Timing**

5

6

4



## Timing

This barrier occurs when an experience introduces a **time limit** relating to:

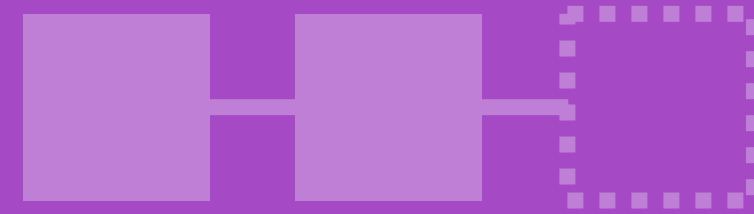
- Interactive elements
- Narrative events
- Gameplay decisions

1



**Comprehension**

2



**Expectations**

3



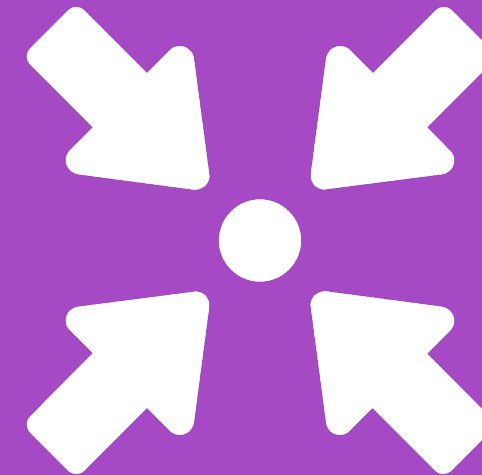
**Way Finding**

4



**Timing**

5



**Focus & Memory**

6

5



## Focus & Memory

This barrier occurs when an experience requires the user to **remember information** and **direct their attention**.

- Remembering **controls, next steps, & location** of items.
- Maintaining & targeting **focus**.
- **Recovering** from **distraction**.

# Example



## Distraction

Distraction is a process which builds on barriers such as memory and decision making.

Distractions can quickly stack into an unrecoverable barrier.

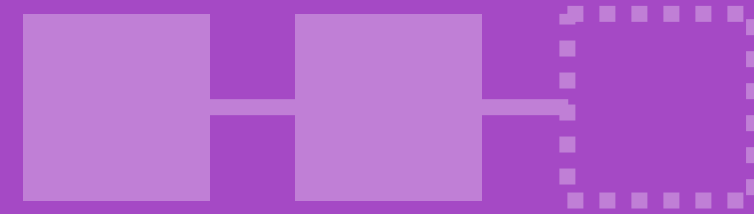


1



**Comprehension**

2



**Expectations**

3



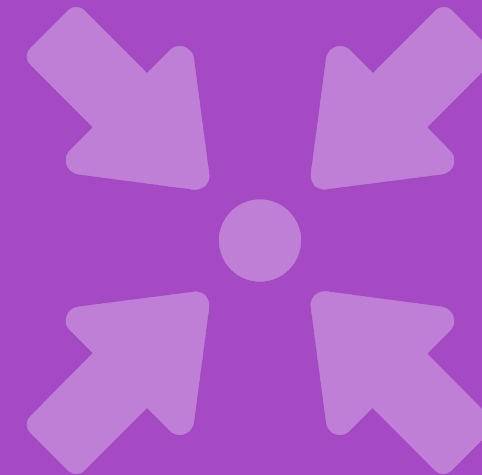
**Way Finding**

4



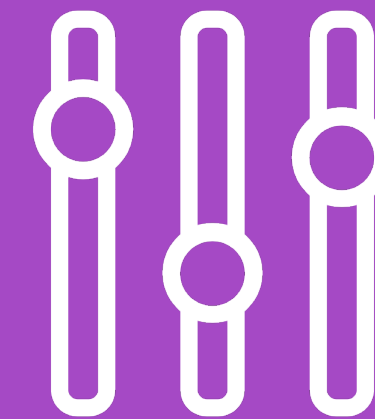
**Timing**

5



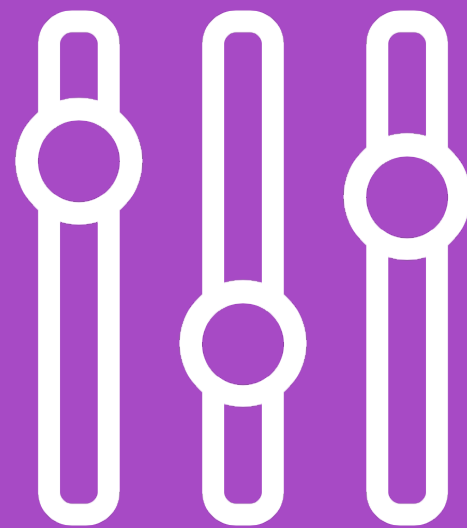
**Focus & Memory**

6



**Sensory**

6



**Sensory**

This barrier occurs when a **mismatch occurs between the users sensory needs** such as:

- Physical elements, such as **headsets & controllers**
- Content elements, such as **sound, brightness, texture and movement**

# Example



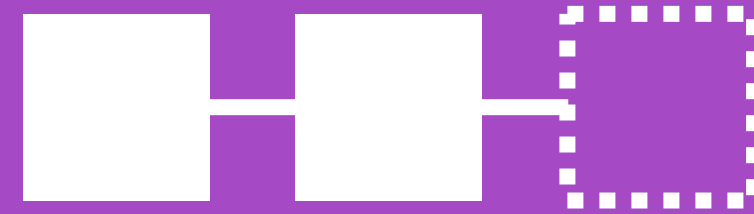
Straps are sensory hell.

1



**Comprehension**

2



**Expectations**

3



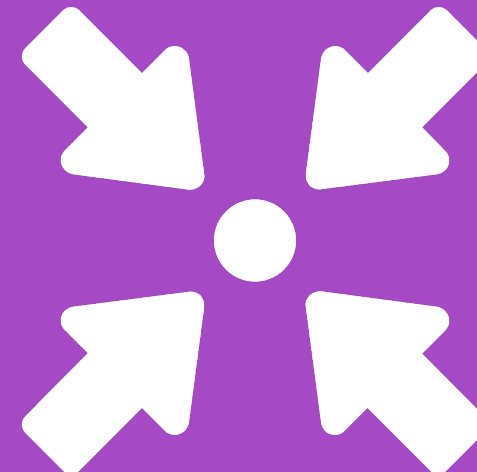
**Way Finding**

4



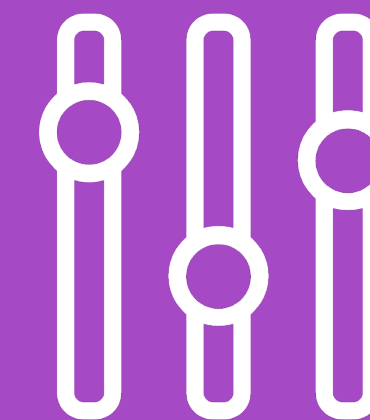
**Timing**

5



**Focus & Memory**

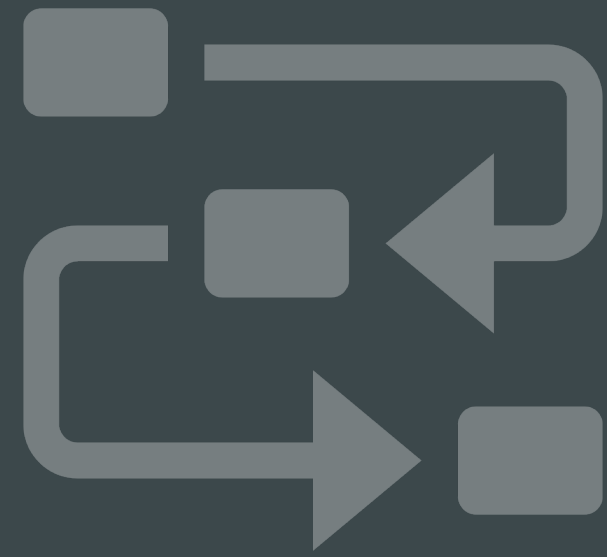
6



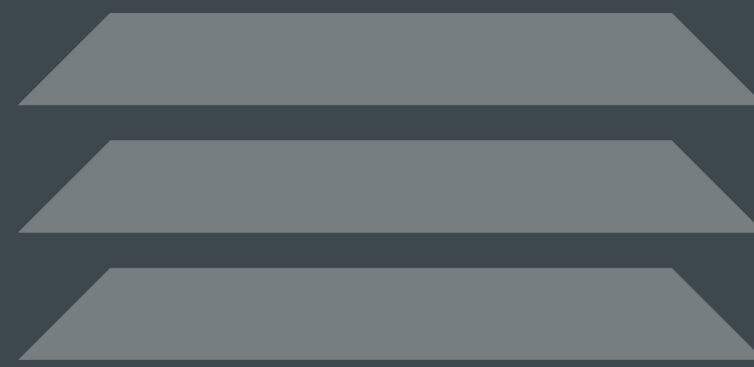
**Sensory**



# Cognitive Barriers Deep Dive



~~Collecting the  
Data~~



~~Common  
Cognitive Barriers~~



**Adaptions  
We Made**



# **Adaptions we made**

Out experiments with alternative controls



# Adaptions

We explored adaptions in two areas:

- **Environmental:** Attempting to design away common barriers
- **Facilitation:** Adapting how we interacted with participants and supported them through the experience.



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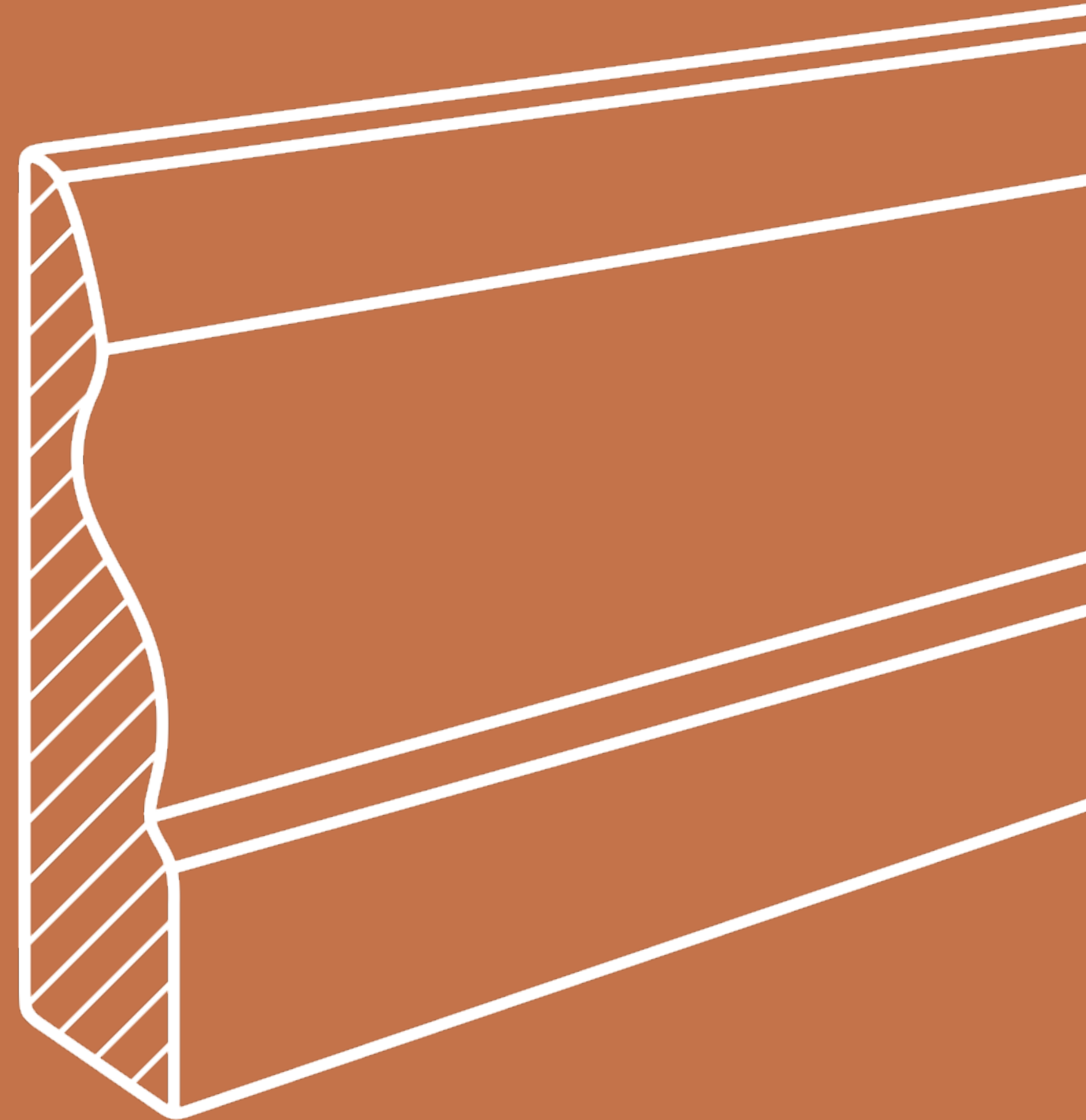


# Environment Adaptions



- **Simplicity** - removing fluff
- **Familiar setting** - small library
- **Flexible starting position** - reception, sensory room etc.
- **Remove spurious affordances** - seating, door handles, etc

Many people noticed when  
the skirting board was  
missing.





# Adaptions

We explored adaptions in two areas:

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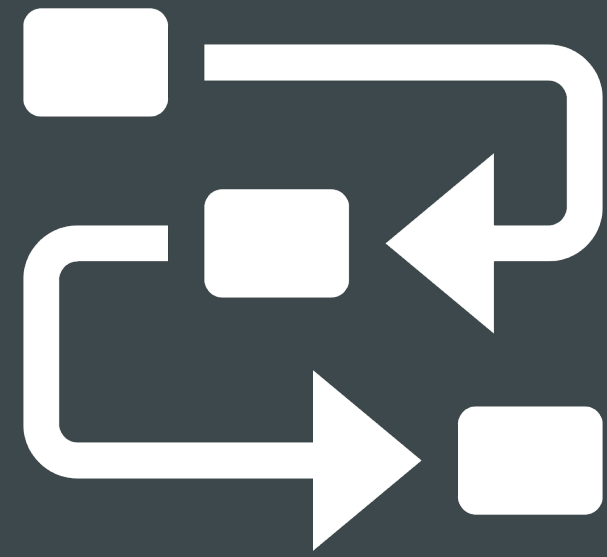
# Flexible Support

- ▶ **Order of session** - Controls first, then headset!
- ▶ **Get to know likes and dislikes** - taking time to understand
- ▶ **Sensory** - straps, weight, etc etc
- ▶ **Reassurance** - taking time to reassure & communicate





# Cognitive Barriers Deep Dive



**Collecting the  
Data**



**Common  
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**Adaptions  
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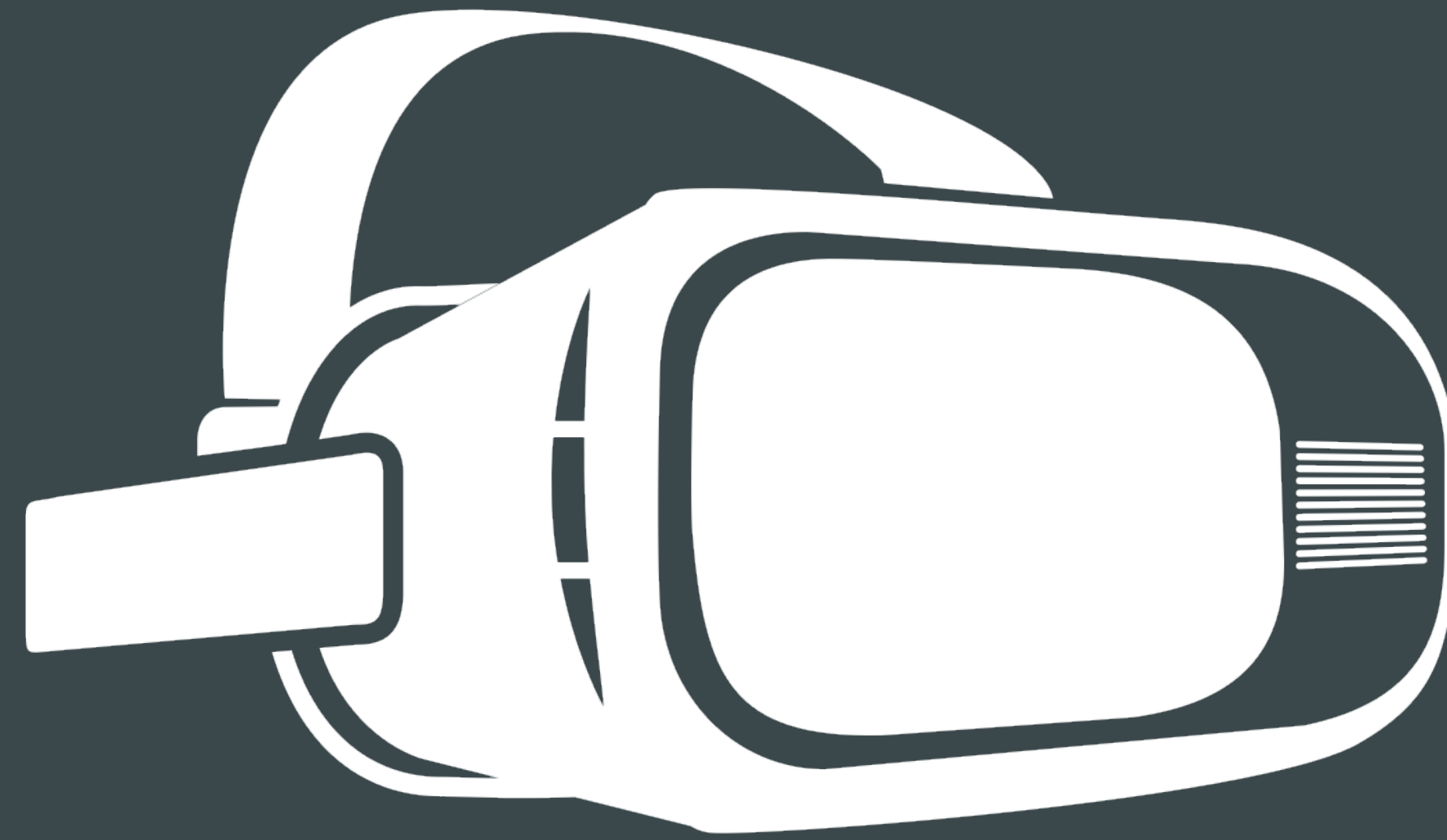




**Extremely Encouraging**

Participants describing VR as more accessible than  
the real world





**VR** is the creation of new **environments**  
& the creation of new **barriers**



If we get this right we can turn  
**potential into reality** for  
billions of users.





Q&A

Thank You.

